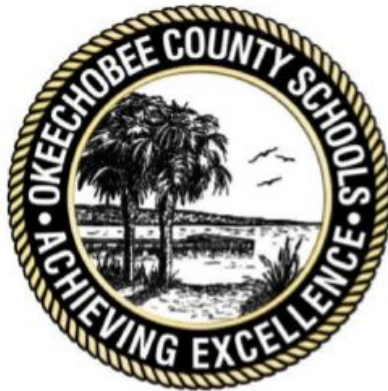


Kindergarten

ELA & Mathematics

Week 1 Packet

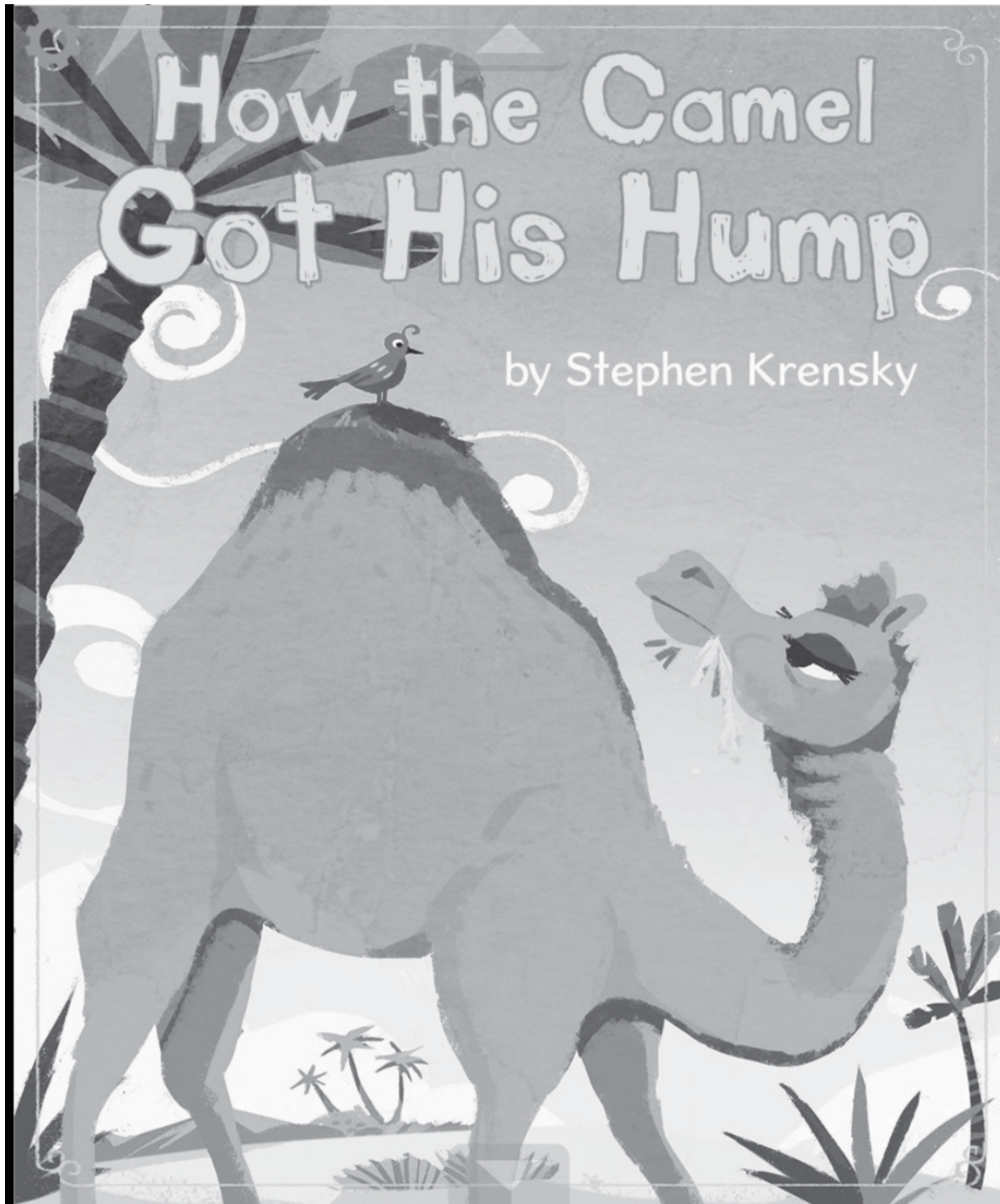


First & Last Name: _____

Teacher: _____

Grade: _____

School: _____



There was once a lazy camel that lived near the desert. He did not live alone.

“Help us **gather** the hay,” said a horse. “If we wait too long, the wind will blow it away.”

“Humph!” said the camel. He did nothing.



“Help us **collect** sticks for the fire,” said a dog. “Cold nights are coming.”

“Humph!” the camel said again.

“Help us plow the field,” said an ox. “We need to grow food.”

“Humph!” said the camel. He did nothing.





The next day, a genie came. He said, “I feel something is wrong. What is it?”

“The camel doesn’t help,” said the horse.

“We do all the work,” said the dog.

The ox nodded. “He just stands around.”

The genie said, “Let’s see about that.”





Then the genie appeared next to the camel.

“You need to change your ways,” he said.

“Humph!” said the camel.





“Is ‘humph’ all you can say?” the genie asked.

“Humph! Humph! Humph!”

“Very well. I will give you a ‘humph’ that you will always remember!” the genie yelled.





The genie waved his arms. The camel's back began to puff up. Soon, a big “humph,” or hump, stuck out.

“From now on, your hump will remind you of one thing,” the genie said. “You care only for yourself.”

And camels have had humps ever since.



After-Reading Questions

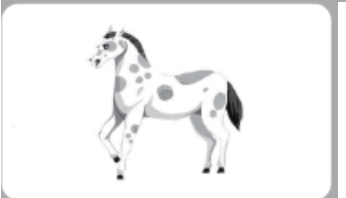
Question 1 (from p. 1 of passage)

Who gathers hay?

a.



b.



c.



Question 2 (from p. 2 of passage)

The character is the camel in the story? What does the camel do?

- a. The camel plows the field.
- b. The camel collects sticks.
- c. The camel does nothing.

Question 3 (from p. 3 of passage)

What do the animals tell the genie about the camel?

- a. The camel does not help with the work.
- b. The camel will not stand near them.
- c. The camel is not feeling well.

Question 4 (from p. 4 of passage)

Read the underlined sentence. What does the genie want the camel to do?

Then the genie appeared next to the camel.

"You need to change your ways," he said.

"Humph!" said the camel.



- a. He wants the camel to appear near the animals.
- b. He wants the camel to get mad at the animals.
- c. He wants the camel to help the animals.

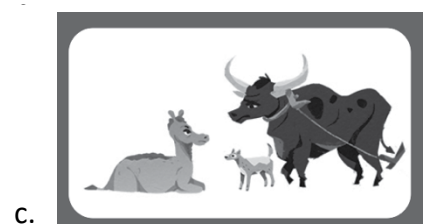
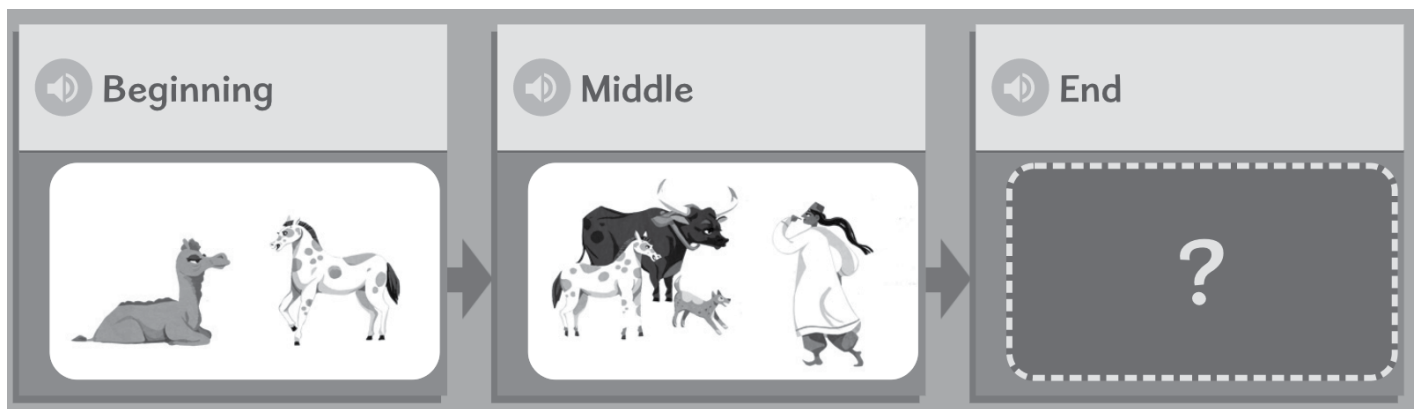
Question 5 (from p. 5 of passage)

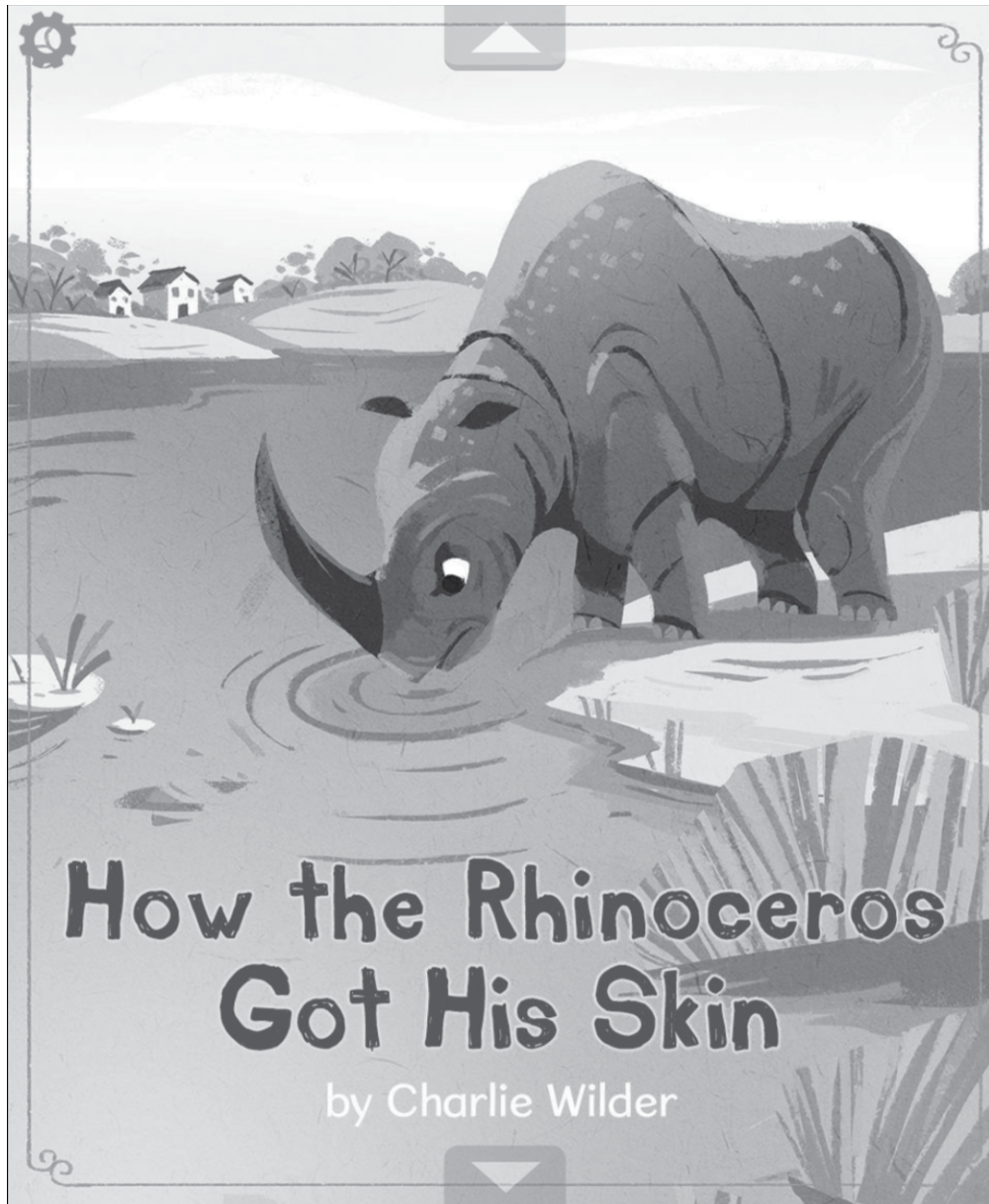
How does the genie feel when the camel says “humph”?

- a. The genie is afraid.
- b. The genie is mad.
- c. The genie is sad.

Question 6 (from p. 6 of passage)

Look at the chart. What happens at the end of the story? Choose the correct picture.







One day a baker made a plum cake. "I'm so happy!" he cried. "It's perfect!"

But just then, a rhinoceros came along. He was big and did whatever he wanted. So he gobbled up the cake and moved on.

Only a few crumbs were left.





“You destroyed my perfect cake!” the baker shouted after him. “You will pay!”





The next morning was hot, and the rhinoceros went down to the river. In those days, rhinos had **smooth** skin with buttons.

The rhino undid the buttons and took off his skin. Then he went swimming.





The baker saw the rhinoceros's skin lying on the ground.

"Hee, hee!" he laughed. He had an idea.

The baker gathered the cake crumbs from the perfect plum cake. He dropped them inside the rhino's smooth skin.





When the rhino came out of the river, he put his skin back on. His skin tickled. And it itched!

The rhinoceros rolled around. He rubbed against a tree. His skin got rumped and wrinkled.

But the itching did not stop.





Soon, his rubbing broke off the buttons.
The rhinoceros couldn't take off his skin
anymore.

From that day on, every rhinoceros has
had folds in its skin – and a bad temper, too.



After-Reading Questions

Question 1 (from p. 1 of passage)

What does the rhinoceros do?

- a. He steps on the cake.
- b. He bakes the cake.
- c. He eats the cake.

Question 2 (from p. 2 of passage)

How does the baker feel in this part of the story?

- a. The baker is surprised.
- b. The baker is mad.
- c. The baker is scared.

Question 3 (from p. 3 of passage)

What does the rhinoceros do at the river?

- a. He takes off his skin to swim.
- b. He washes his skin in the water.
- c. He pulls the buttons off his skin.

Question 4 (from p. 3 of passage)

What is the skin of the rhino like?

- a. His skin is dirty.
- b. His skin is small.
- c. His skin is smooth.

Question 5 (from p. 4 of passage)

What does the baker do in this part of the story?

- a. He gathers crumbs to make a cake.
- b. He puts crumbs inside the skin.
- c. He drops crumbs on the ground.




Question 6 (from p. 5 of passage)

How does the rhino feel after he puts on his skin?


- a. He feels hot.
- b. He feels itchy.
- c. He feels wet.

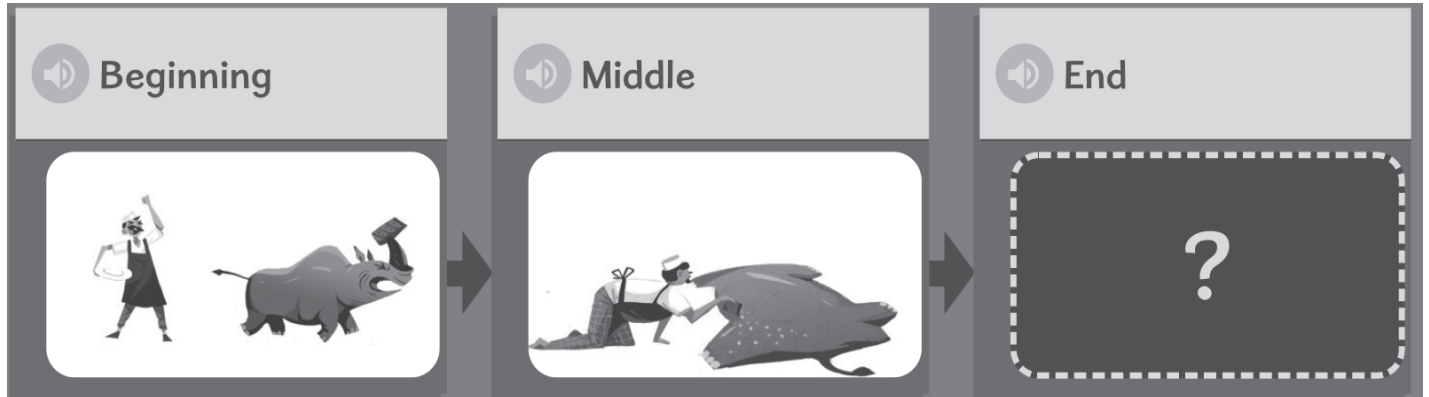
Question 7 (from p. 5 of passage)




What happens to the rhino's skin? Choose the picture that shows what happens to the rhino's skin.

- a. 
- b. 
- c. 

Question 8 (from p. 6 of passage)

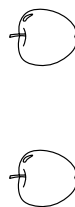
 Look at the chart. What happens at the end of the story? Choose the correct picture.



- a. 
- b. 
- c. 

Understanding Counting

Name _____

Example

1

2

3

4



1

2

3

4



1

2

3

4

1

2

3

4

1

2

3

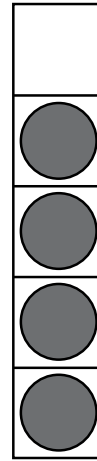
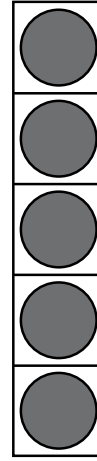
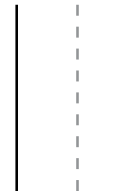
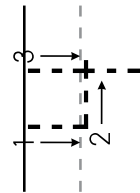
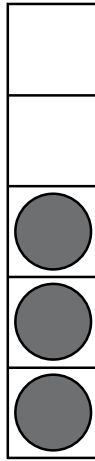
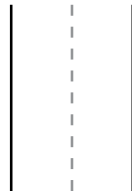
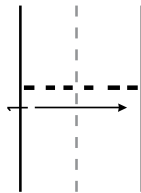
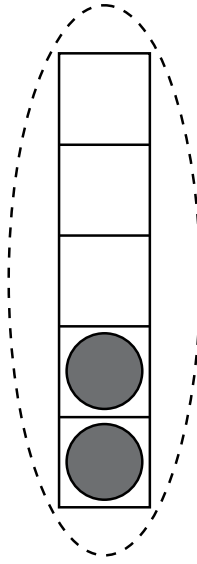
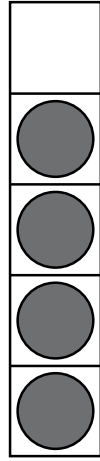
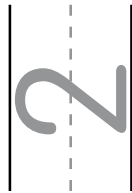
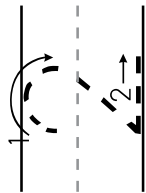
4

Have children match each object to a tile to find the number of objects. Have children draw a line from each object to a number, starting with 1 and continuing in order. Ask children to circle the number that tells how many objects are in each group.

Numbers 0 to 5

Name _____

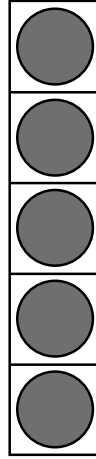
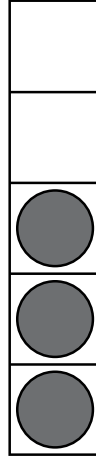
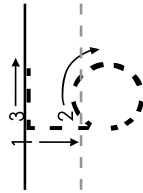
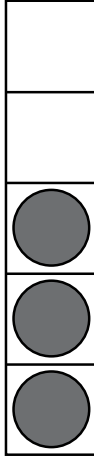
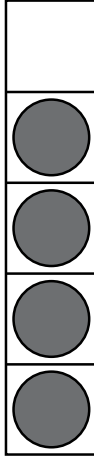
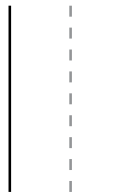
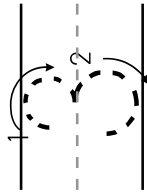
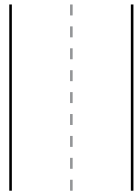
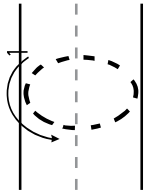
Example



Have children practice writing the numerals 0–5 and then find the picture that shows that number. Ask children to trace and write the numerals shown. Then have them circle the picture that shows that number.

Numbers 0 to 5 continued

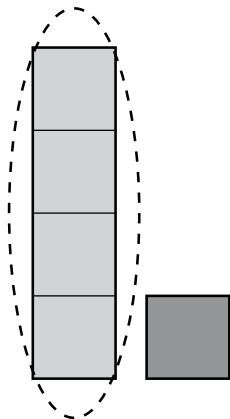
Name _____



Have children practice writing the numerals 0–5 and then find the picture that shows that number. Ask children to trace and write the numerals shown. Then have them circle the picture that shows that number.

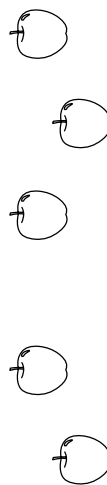
Comparing Within 5

Name _____

Example

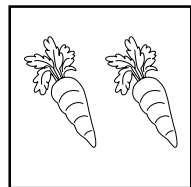
4

1



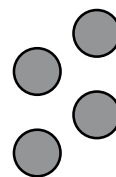
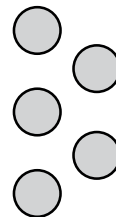
2

3



0

2



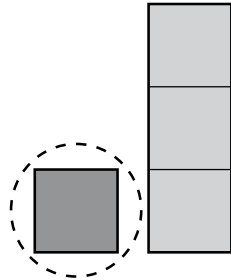
5

4

Have children compare the two groups of objects and circle the group with more. Then ask children to circle the number that is greater. For each problem, ask children to explain how they can tell which group has the number that is more.

Name _____

Example



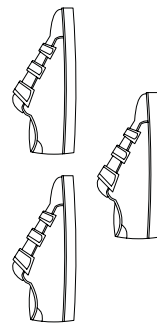
1

3



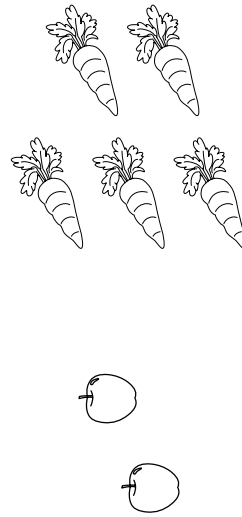
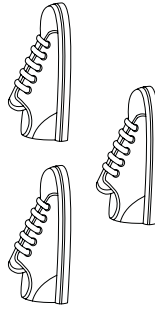
4

2



3

3



2

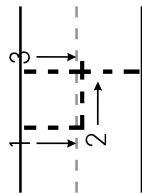
5

Have children compare the two groups of objects and circle the group with fewer. Then ask children to circle the number that is less. If the groups are equal, have children circle both groups and both numbers. For each problem, ask children to explain how they can tell which group has the number that is less.

Making 3, 4, and 5

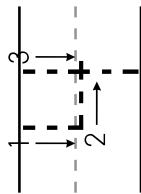
Name _____

Example

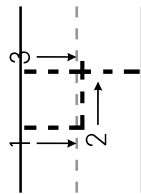


1 and

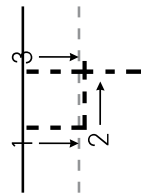
3



0 and



2 and

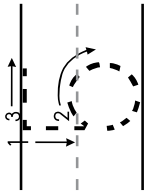


3 and

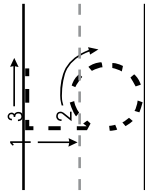
Have children show pairs of numbers that make 4. Have children trace the 4. Then ask them to write the missing number that is used to make 4 in each picture.

Making 3, 4, and 5 *continued*

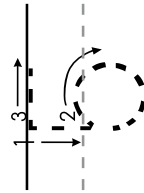
Name _____



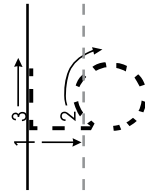
4 and



2 and



5 and



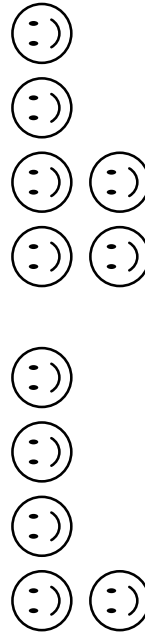
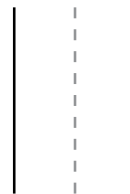
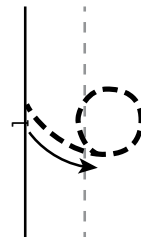
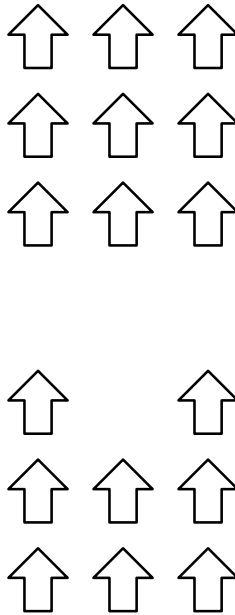
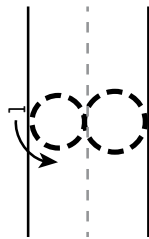
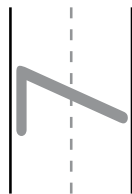
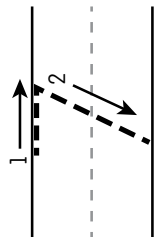
3 and

Have children show pairs of numbers that make 5. Have children trace the 5. Then ask them to write the missing number that is used to make 5 in each picture.

Counting and Writing to 8

Name _____

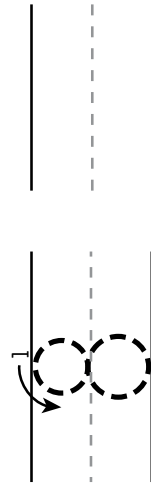
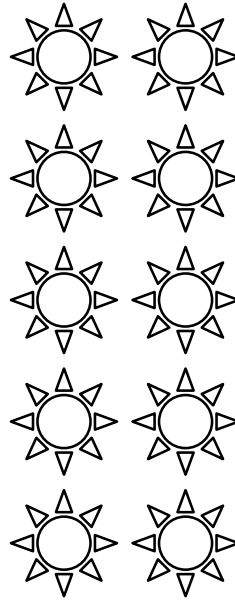
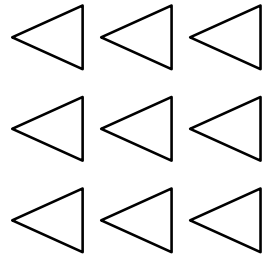
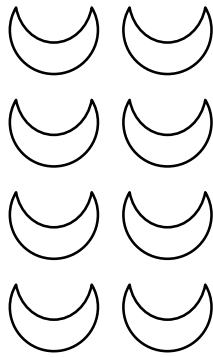
Example



Have children practice writing 6, 7, and 8 and counting 6, 7, and 8 objects. Ask children to trace and then write the numeral at the beginning of each problem. Then have children color the group with that number of objects.

Counting and Writing to 8 continued

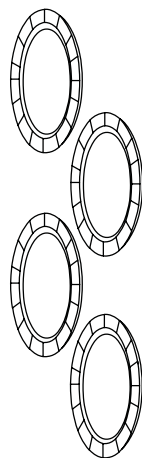
Name _____



Have children practice writing 6, 7, and 8 and counting out 6, 7, or 8 objects. For each problem, ask children to trace and write the numeral shown. Then have children color that number of objects. In the last problem, have children trace and write 8 and then draw 8 shapes or objects.

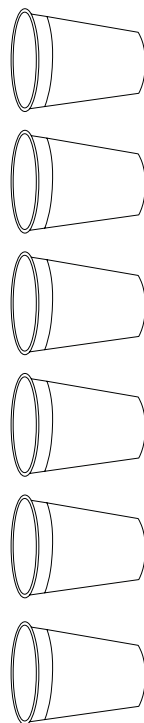
Understanding 1 More

Name _____

Example**1 More**

4

5

_____

__________

Have children find 1 more than a group of objects. Have children count how many are in each group and write the number in the first column. Then have children draw 1 more object, count again, and write the number in the next column.